The Global Competitiveness Report 2007-2008

The Global Competitiveness Report

The Global Competitiveness Report series has evolved over the last three decades into the world's most comprehensive and respected assessment of countries' competitiveness, offering invaluable insights into the policies, institutions, and factors driving productivity and, thus, enabling sustained economic growth and long-term prosperity.

Produced in collaboration with leading academics and a global network of research institutes, The Global Competitiveness Report provides users with a comprehensive dataset on a broad array of competitiveness indicators for a large number of industrialized and developing economies. This year's edition features a record 131 economies, accounting for more than 98 percent of the world's GDP.

Besides hard data from leading international sources, these indicators include the results of the Executive Opinion Survey carried out by the World Economic Forum annually. The Survey captures the perceptions of several thousand business leaders across the countries covered on topics related to national competitiveness.

The Global Competitiveness Report includes the World Economic Forum's Global Competitiveness Index, developed by Professor Xavier Sala-i-Martin, at Columbia University; the Business Competitiveness Index, developed by Professor Michael E. Porter, Director of the Institute for Strategy and Competitiveness at Harvard Business School as well as detailed profiles for each of the 131 economies covered and data tables displaying relative rankings for more than 100 variables.

Table 4: Global Competitiveness Index rankings and 2006–2007 comparisons

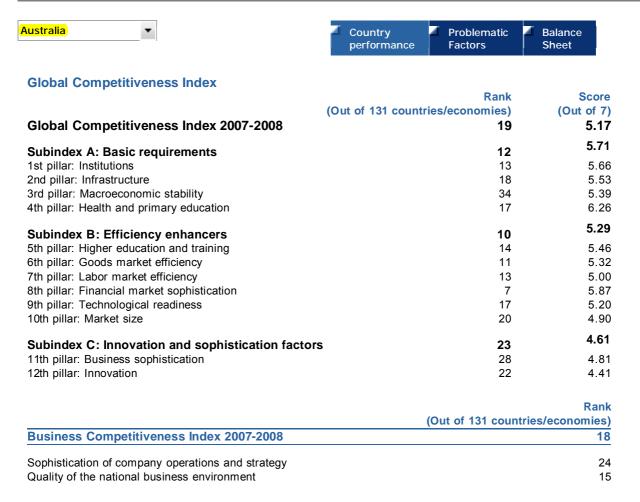
| 0 | | 7-2008 | GCI 2007– 2008 rank (among 2006 | GCI 2006–2007 | 0 : = |
|--------------------------|----------|--------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| Country/Economy | Rank | Score | countries)* | rank | Country/Ed |
| United States | 1 | 5.67 | 1 | 1 | Vietnam |
| Switzerland Denmark | 2 | 5.62 5.55 | 3 | 3 | Colombia Sri Lanka |
| Sweden | 4 | 5.54 | 4 | 9 | Philippine |
| Germany | 5 | 5.51 | 5 | 7 | Brazil |
| Finland | 6 | 5.49 | 6 | 6 | Ukraine |
| Singapore | 7 | 5.45 | 7 | 8 | Romania |
| Japan United Kingdom | 8 9 | 5.43 5.41 | 8 9 | 5 2 | Uruguay Botswana |
| Netherlands | 10 | 5.40 | 10 | 11 | Egypt |
| Korea | 11 | 5.40 | 11 | 23 | Jamaica |
| Hong Kong SAR | 12 | 5.37 | 12 | 10 | Bulgaria |
| Canada | 13 | 5.34 | 13 | 12 | Syria |
| Taiwan, China Austria | 14 15 | 5.25 5.23 | 14 15 | 13 18 | Algeria Montened |
| Norway | 16 | 5.20 | 16 | 17 | Honduras |
| Israel | 17 | 5.20 | 17 | 14 | Trinidad a |
| France | 18 | 5.18 | 18 | 15 | Argentina |
| Australia | 19 | 5.17 | 19 | 16 | Peru |
| Belgium | 20 | 5.10 | 20 | 24 | Guatemal |
| Malaysia Ireland | 21 22 | 5.10 5.03 | 21 22 | 19 22 | Libya Namibia |
| Iceland | 23 | 5.02 | 23 | 20 | Georgia |
| New Zealand | 24 | 4.98 | 24 | 21 | Serbia |
| Luxembourg | 25 | 4.88 | 25 | 25 | Pakistan |
| Chile | 26 | 4.77 | 26 | 27 | Armenia |
| Estonia | 27 | 4.74 | 27 | 26 | Macedon |
| Thailand Spain | 28 29 | 4.70 4.66 | 28 29 | 28 29 | Nigeria Dominica |
| Kuwait | 30 | 4.66 | 30 | 30 | Moldova |
| Qatar | 31 | 4.63 | 31 | 32 | Venezuela |
| Tunisia | 32 | 4.59 | 32 | 33 | Kenya |
| Czech Republic | 33 | 4.58 | 33 | 31 | Senegal |
| China Saudi Arabia | 34 | 4.57 | 34 | 35 | Mongolia Combin T |
| Puerto Rico | 35 36 | 4.55 4.50 | n/a n/a | n/a n/a | Gambia, T Ecuador |
| United Arab Emirates | 37 | 4.50 | 35 | 34 | Tanzania |
| Lithuania | 38 | 4.49 | 36 | 39 | Bolivia |
| Slovenia | 39 | 4.48 | 37 | 40 | Bosnia an |
| Portugal | 40 | 4.48 | 38 | 43 | Banglade |
| Slovak Republic Oman | 41 | 4.45 | 39 | 37 | Benin |
| Bahrain | 42 43 | 4.43 4.42 | n/a 40 | n/a 48 | Albania Cambodia |
| South Africa | 44 | 4.42 | 41 | 36 | Nicaragua |
| Latvia | 45 | 4.41 | 42 | 44 | Burkina F |
| Italy | 46 | 4.36 | 43 | 47 | Suriname |
| Hungary | 47 | 4.35 | 44 | 38 | Nepal |
| India Jordan | 48 49 | 4.33 4.32 | 45 46 | 42 46 | Mali Cameroor |
| Barbados | 50 | 4.32 | 47 | 41 | Tajikistan |
| Poland | 51 | 4.28 | 48 | 45 | Madagas |
| Mexico | 52 | 4.26 | 49 | 52 | Kyrgyz Re |
| Turkey | 53 | 4.25 | 50 | 58 | Uganda |
| Indonesia | 54 | 4.24 | 51 | 54 | Paraguay |
| Cyprus | 55 56 | 4.23 | 52 52 | 49 51 | Zambia |
| Malta Croatia | 56 57 | 4.21 4.20 | 53 54 | 51 56 | Ethiopia Lesotho |
| Russia | 58 | 4.20 | 55 55 | 59 | Mauritani |
| Panama | 59 | 4.18 | 56 | 60 | Guyana |
| Mauritius | 60 | 4.16 | 57 | 55 | Timor-Les |
| Kazakhstan | 61 | 4.14 | 58 | 50 | Mozambio |
| Uzbekistan | 62 | 4.13 | n/a | n/a | Zimbabwe |
| Costa Rica Morocco | 63 64 | 4.11 4.08 | 59 60 | 68 65 | Burundi Chad |
| Greece | 65 | 4.08 | 61 | 61 | Glidu |
| Azerbaijan | 66 | 4.07 | 62 | 62 | * Two cour |
| | | | 63 | | the pres |

| | | | GCI 2007– 2008 rank | GCI |
|------------------------|------------|--------------|------------------------|-----------|
| 0 / /5 | | 7-2008 | (among 2006 | 2006-2007 |
| Country/Economy | Rank | Score | countries)* | rank |
| Vietnam | 68 | 4.04 | 64 | 64 |
| Colombia | 69 | 4.04 | 65 | 63 |
| Sri Lanka | 70 | 3.99 | 66 | 81 |
| Philippines | 71 | 3.99 | 67 | 75 |
| Brazil | 72 | 3.99 | 68 | 66 |
| Ukraine | 73 | 3.98 | 69 | 69 |
| Romania | 74 | 3.97 | 70 | 73 |
| Uruguay | 75 | 3.97 | 71 | 79 |
| Botswana | 76 | 3.96 | 72 | 57 |
| Egypt | 77 | 3.96 | 73 | 71 |
| Jamaica | 78 | 3.95 | 74 | 67 |
| Bulgaria | 79 80 | 3.93 | 75 | 74 |
| Syria | 81 | 3.91 3.91 | n/a 76 | n/a 77 |
| Algeria Montenegro | 82 | 3.91 | n/a | n/a |
| Honduras | 83 | 3.89 | 77 | 90 |
| Trinidad and Tobago | 84 | 3.88 | 78 | 76 |
| Argentina | 85 | 3.87 | 79 | 70 |
| Peru | 86 | 3.87 | 80 | 78 |
| Guatemala | 87 | 3.86 | 81 | 91 |
| Libya | 88 | 3.85 | n/a | n/a |
| Namibia | 89 | 3.85 | 82 | 72 |
| Georgia | 90 | 3.83 | 83 | 87 |
| Serbia | 91 | 3.78 | n/a | n/a |
| Pakistan | 92 | 3.77 | 84 | 83 |
| Armenia | 93 | 3.76 | 85 | 80 |
| Macedonia, FYR | 94 | 3.73 | 86 | 84 |
| Nigeria | 95 | 3.69 | 87 | 95 |
| Dominican Republic | 96 | 3.65 | 88 | 93 |
| Moldova | 97 | 3.64 | 89 | 86 |
| Venezuela | 98 | 3.63 | 90 | 85 |
| Kenya | 99 | 3.61 | 91 | 88 |
| Senegal | 100 | 3.61 | n/a | n/a |
| Mongolia | 101 | 3.60 | 92 | 89 |
| Gambia, The | 102 | 3.59 | 93 | 103 |
| Ecuador | 103 | 3.57 | 94 | 94 |
| Tanzania | 104 | 3.56 | 95 | 97 |
| Bolivia | 105 | 3.55 | 96 | 100 |
| Bosnia and Herzegovina | 106 | 3.55 | 97 | 82 |
| Bangladesh | 107 | 3.55 | 98 | 92 |
| Benin | 108 | 3.49 | 99 | 107 |
| Albania | 109 | 3.48 | 100 | 98 |
| Cambodia | 110 | 3.48 | 101 | 106 |
| Nicaragua | 111 | 3.45 | 102 | 101 |
| Burkina Faso | 112 | 3.43 | 103 | 114 |
| Suriname | 113 | 3.40 | 104 | 104 |
| Nepal | 114 | 3.38 | 105 | 105 |
| Mali Cameroon | 115 116 | 3.37 | 106 | 115 99 |
| Tajikistan | 117 | 3.37 3.37 | 107 108 | 99 |
| Madagascar | 117 | 3.37 | 108 | 111 |
| Kyrgyz Republic | 119 | 3.34 | 110 | 109 |
| Uganda | 120 | 3.33 | 111 | 110 |
| Paraguay | 121 | 3.30 | 112 | 108 |
| Zambia | 122 | 3.29 | 113 | 118 |
| Ethiopia | 123 | 3.28 | 114 | 116 |
| Lesotho | 124 | 3.27 | 115 | 102 |
| Mauritania | 125 | 3.26 | 116 | 117 |
| Guyana | 126 | 3.25 | 117 | 113 |
| Timor-Leste | 127 | 3.20 | 118 | 120 |
| Mozambique | 128 | 3.02 | 119 | 119 |
| Zimbabwe | 129 | 2.88 | 120 | 112 |
| Burundi | 130 | 2.84 | 121 | 122 |
| Chad | 131 | 2.78 | 122 | 121 |
| | | | | |

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^{*} Two countries that were covered in last year's *Report* but are not included in the present *Report* for lack of Survey data are excluded from the comparison (Angola and Malawi). Serbia and Montenegro, treated as one country last year, are now treated as two individual countries. We therefore do not show data for Serbia and Montenegro for last year.

Country/Economy Analysis



Country/Economy Analysis





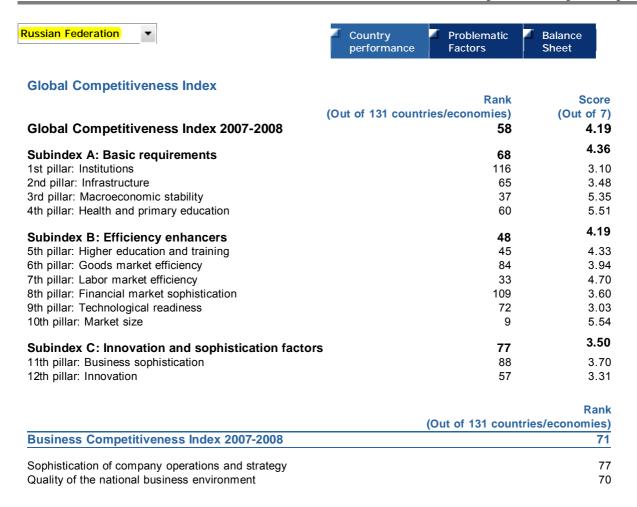
National competitiveness balance sheet

| | | ink/ 131 | | NOTABLE COMPETITIVE DISADVANTAGES | Rank/ 131 |
|-------|--|-------------|-------|---|--------------|
| | 1st pillar: Institutions | | | 1st pillar: Institutions | |
| 01.17 | Efficacy of corporate boards | 3 | 01.11 | Business costs of terrorism | 79 |
| 01.16 | Strength of auditing and reporting standard | | 01.08 | | 68 |
| 01.05 | Judicial independence | | 01.12 | · · · | 26 |
| 01.01 | Property rights | 8 | 01.13 | Organized crime | 24 |
| 01.18 | Protection of minority shareholders' interests | 8 | | | |
| 01.02 | Intellectual property protection | 10 | | | |
| 01.03 | Diversion of public funds | 10 | | 2nd pillar: Infrastructure | |
| 01.07 | Wastefulness of government spending | 10 | 02.04 | | 29 |
| 01.09 | Efficiency of legal framework | 11 | 02.02 | • | 25 |
| 01.15 | Ethical behavior of firms | 12 | 02.07 | , | 23 |
| 01.14 | Reliability of police services | 12 | 02.03 | | 22 |
| 01.10 | Transparency of government policymaking | 12 | 02.01 | Quality of overall infrastructure | 21 |
| | Favoritism in decisions of government officials | 13 | | | |
| 01.04 | Public trust of politicians | 16 | _ | 0.1.30 | |
| | | | 00.00 | 3rd pillar: Macroeconomic stability | |
| | | | 03.02 | • , | 73 |
| | 2nd nillar, Infractruatura | | 03.04 | . , , | 66 |
| 02.06 | 2nd pillar: Infrastructure Available seat kilometers (hard data) | Ω | 03.03 | , | 53 38 |
| 02.00 | , | 14 | | Government surplus/deficit (hard data) | 30 |
| | Telephone lines (hard data) | 16 | | | |
| | | | | 4th pillar: Health and primary educ | ation |
| | | | 04.01 | Business impact of malaria | 48 |
| | 3rd pillar: Macroeconomic stability | | 04.11 | | 45 |
| 03.05 | Government debt (hard data) | 16 | 04.05 | • | 37 |
| | | | 04.10 | Primary enrollment (hard data) | 34 |
| | | | 04.06 | HIV prevalence (hard data) | 25 |
| | 4th pillar: Health and primary education | n. | 04.03 | Business impact of tuberculosis | 22 |
| 04.02 | | اار 1 | 04.07 | Infant mortality (hard data) | 22 |
| 04.02 | Life expectancy (hard data) | 3 | | | |
| | Tuberculosis incidence (hard data) | 9 | | | |
| 04.09 | • | 12 | | 5th pillar: Higher education and tra | ainina |
| 04.00 | Quality of primary cadeation | 12 | 05.04 | | anning 24 |
| | | | 05.04 | - | 20 |
| | 5th pillar: Higher education and training | ng | | | |
| 05.01 | Secondary enrollment (hard data) | 1 | | | |
| 05.03 | Quality of the educational system | 8 | | 6th pillar: Goods market efficiency | y |
| 05.02 | Tertiary enrollment (hard data) | 13 | 06.05 | Total tax rate (hard data) | 83 |

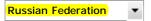
| 05.06 05.05 05.07 | Local availability of specialized research | 16 | 06.04 06.10 06.12 | Extent and effect of taxation Trade-weighted tariff rate (hard data) Business impact of rules on FDI | 75 67 54 |
|-------------------------|---|--------|-------------------------|--|----------------|
| | and training services | | 06.11 06.13 | Prevalence of foreign ownership Burden of customs procedures | 25 25 |
| | | | 06.09 | Prevalence of trade barriers | 24 |
| | 6th nillary Goods market officionay | | 06.15 | Buyer sophistication | 20 |
| 06.06 | 6th pillar: Goods market efficiency Number of procedures required to start a | 1 | 06.02 | Extent of market dominance | 20 |
| 00.00 | business (hard data) | ' | 06.14 | Degree of customer orientation | 19 |
| 06.07 | Time required to start a business (hard data) | 1 | | | |
| 06.03 | Effectiveness of anti-monopoly policy | 5 | | 7th pillar: Labor market efficiency | |
| 06.08 | Agricultural policy costs | 10 | 07.02 | Flexibility of wage determination | 87 |
| 06.01 | Intensity of local competition | 15 | 07.03 | Non-wage labor costs (hard data) | 83 |
| | | | 07.05 | Hiring and firing practices | 63 |
| | | | 07.01 | Cooperation in labor-employer relations | 47 |
| | 7th pillar: Labor market efficiency | | 07.10 | Female participation in labor force (hard | 42 |
| 07.04 | Rigidity of employment (hard data) | 4 | | data) | |
| 07.08 | Reliance on professional management | 5 | 07.07 | Pay and productivity | 40 |
| 07.06 | Firing costs (hard data) | 6 | 07.09 | Brain drain | 36 |
| | 8th pillar: Financial market sophisticat | ion | | 8th pillar: Financial market sophisticat | |
| 08.08 | Regulation of securities exchanges | 2 | 08.05 | Restriction on capital flows | 50 |
| 08.09 | Legal rights index (hard data) | 3 | 08.06 | Strength of investor protection (hard data) | 35 |
| | Financing through local equity market | 6 | | | |
| 08.01 | Financial market sophistication | 8 | | | |
| 08.07 | Soundness of banks | 9 | | 9th pillar: Technological readiness | |
| 08.04 | Venture capital availability | 13 | 09.08 | Broadband Internet subscribers (hard data) | 30 |
| 08.03 | Ease of access to loans | 13 | 09.05 | Mobile telephone subscribers (hard data) | 29 |
| | | | 09.04 | | 19 |
| | | | 09.03 | Laws relating to ICT | 19 |
| | Other: Harry Tarak walls wis allowed in a sec | | 09.01 | Availability of latest technologies | 19 |
| 00.06 | 9th pillar: Technological readiness | 4 | | | |
| | Internet users (hard data) Personal computers (hard data) | 4 6 | | | |
| | Firm-level technology absorption | 18 | | 40th aller Made at all a | |
| 00.02 | Tim level teermology absorption | 10 | 10.00 | 10th pillar: Market size | 20 |
| | | | 10.02 | Foreign market size index (hard data) | 36 |
| | 10th pillar: Market size | | | | |
| 10.01 | Domestic market size index (hard data) | 17 | | 11th pillar: Business sophistication | |
| | | | 11.05 | Value chain breadth | 86 |
| | | | 11.03 | State of cluster development | 49 |
| | | | 11.04 | Nature of competitive advantage | 43 |
| 44.55 | 11th pillar: Business sophistication | | 11.06 | Control of international distribution | 34 |
| 11.08 | Extent of marketing | 12 | 11.01 | Local supplier quantity | 33 |
| 11.09 | Willingness to delegate authority | 14 | 11.07 | Production process sophistication | 23 |
| 11.02 | Local supplier quality | 16 | | | |
| | | | | | |

12th pillar: Innovation

Country/Economy Analysis



Country/Economy Analysis





National competitiveness balance sheet

| | NOTABLE COMPETITIVE | Rank/ | | NOTABLE COMPETITIVE R | ank/ |
|-------|---|-------|--------------------|--|----------|
| | ADVANTAGES | 131 | | DISADVANTAGES | 131 |
| | 1st pillar: Institutions | | | 1st pillar: Institutions | |
| 01.17 | - | 38 | 01.18 | Protection of minority shareholders' | 125 |
| | <u> </u> | | | interests | |
| | | | 01.01 | Property rights | 122 |
| | | | 01.15 | | 120 |
| | 2nd pillar: Infrastructure | | 01.08 | 8 | 118 |
| | Available seat kilometers (hard data) | | 01.10 | Transparency of government policymaking | |
| 02.03 | • | | 01.02 | Intellectual property protection | 115 |
| 02.08 | Telephone lines (hard data) | 44 | 01.14 | Reliability of police services | 111 |
| | | | 01.11 | Business costs of terrorism | 108 |
| | 0.1.20 | | 01.06 | Favoritism in decisions of government officials | 107 |
| 02.04 | 3rd pillar: Macroeconomic stability | ^ | 01.09 | , 3 | 106 |
| 03.01 | Government surplus/deficit (hard data) | | | Judicial independence | 106 |
| 03.05 | Government debt (hard data) | | | Public trust of politicians | 104 |
| 03.02 | National savings rate (hard data) | 30 | | Organized crime | 103 |
| | | | | Wastefulness of government spending | 100 |
| | | | 01.16 | Strength of auditing and reporting standards | 95 |
| | 4th pillar: Health and primary educa | tion | 01.03 | Diversion of public funds | 94 |
| 04.02 | Malaria incidence (hard data) | 1 | 01.12 | Business costs of crime and violence | 86 |
| 04.05 | Business impact of HIV/AIDS | 39 | | | |
| 04.01 | Business impact of malaria | 41 | | | |
| 04.09 | Quality of primary education | 46 | | | |
| | | | 00.00 | 2nd pillar: Infrastructure | 400 |
| | | | 02.02 | Quality of roads | 106 |
| | 5th pillar: Higher education and trai | inina | 02.01 02.05 | Quality of overall infrastructure | 81 |
| 05.02 | Tertiary enrollment (hard data) | _ | 02.05 | Quality of air transport infrastructure Quality of electricity supply | 79 76 |
| 05.04 | Quality of math and science education | | 02.07 | Quality of port infrastructure | 70 |
| 05.03 | Quality of the educational system | 46 | 02.04 | Quality of port illinastructure | 12 |
| 05.01 | Secondary enrollment (hard data) | 47 | | | |
| | | | | 3rd pillar: Macroeconomic stability | |
| | | | 03 03 | Inflation (hard data) | 113 |
| | 6th pillar: Goods market efficiency | | | Interest rate spread (hard data) | 77 |
| 06.06 | Number of procedures required to start a business (hard data) | 27 | 00.01 | microstrate oprodu (naro data) | |
| | | | | 4th pillar: Health and primary educati | on |
| | | | 04.06 | HIV prevalence (hard data) | 100 |
| | 7th pillar: Labor market efficiency | | 04.08 | Life expectancy (hard data) | 96 |
| 07.07 | , , | 14 | U 4 .U4 | Tuberculosis incidence (hard data) | 90 |
| 07.05 | Hiring and firing practices | 15 | 04.11 | Education expenditure (hard data) | 79 |

| 07.10 | Female participation in labor force (hard | 18 | | Primary enrollment (hard data) | 68 |
|-------|---|-----|--------------------|--|-------|
| 07.00 | data) | 07 | 04.03 | | 59 |
| 07.06 | , | | 04.07 | Infant mortality (hard data) | 56 |
| 07.02 | , , | 31 | | | |
| 07.09 | Brain drain | 49 | | | |
| | | | | 5th pillar: Higher education and train | nina |
| | | | 05.08 | Extent of staff training | 96 |
| | 8th pillar: Financial market sophisticati | ion | 05.07 | Local availability of specialized research | 79 |
| 08.06 | Strength of investor protection (hard data) | 45 | | and training services | |
| | | | 05.05 | Quality of management schools | 78 |
| | | | 05.06 | Internet access in schools | 55 |
| | 9th pillar: Technological readiness | | | | |
| 09.05 | Mobile telephone subscribers (hard data) | 36 | | | |
| | | | | 6th pillar: Goods market efficiency | |
| | | | 06.11 | Prevalence of foreign ownership | 129 |
| | | | 06.12 | Business impact of rules on FDI | 127 |
| | 10th pillar: Market size | | 06.08 | Agricultural policy costs | 117 |
| 10.02 | Foreign market size index (hard data) | 7 | 06.13 | Burden of customs procedures | 110 |
| 10.01 | Domestic market size index (hard data) | 10 | 06.10 | Trade-weighted tariff rate (hard data) | 108 |
| | | | 06.03 | Effectiveness of anti-monopoly policy | 106 |
| | | | 06.09 | Prevalence of trade barriers | 104 |
| | | | 06.04 | Extent and effect of taxation | 97 |
| | 12th pillar: Innovation | | 06.01 | Intensity of local competition | 92 |
| 12.06 | Availability of scientists and engineers | 37 | 06.05 | Total tax rate (hard data) | 90 |
| 12.02 | | 44 | 00.02 | Extent of market dominance | 78 |
| 12.07 | Utility patents (hard data) | 45 | 00. I T | Degree of customer orientation | 67 |
| 12.03 | Company spending on R&D | 50 | 06.15 | Buyer sophistication | 58 |
| | | | 06.07 | Time required to start a business (hard | 52 |
| | | | | data) | |
| | | | | 7th pillar: Labor market efficiency | |
| | | | 07.03 | 3 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 | 107 |
| | | | 07.04 | | 79 |
| | | | | Reliance on professional management | 70 |
| | | | 07.01 | Cooperation in labor-employer relations | 67 |
| | | | | 8th pillar: Financial market sophistic | ation |
| | | | 08.05 | · | 118 |
| | | | 08.07 | | 108 |
| | | | | Regulation of securities exchanges | 103 |
| | | | 08.09 | 3 3 , , | 94 |
| | | | 08.01 | · | 88 |
| | | | | Ease of access to loans | 86 |
| | | | | Financing through local equity market | 81 |
| | | | 08.04 | Venture capital availability | 60 |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

| 09.04 | FDI and technology transfer | 115 |
|-------|--|-----|
| 09.02 | Firm-level technology absorption | 103 |
| 09.01 | Availability of latest technologies | 99 |
| 09.03 | Laws relating to ICT | 85 |
| 09.06 | Internet users (hard data) | 63 |
| 09.08 | Broadband Internet subscribers (hard data) | 60 |
| 09.07 | Personal computers (hard data) | 56 |
| | | |
| | | |
| | 11th pillar: Business sophistication | |
| 11.05 | Value chain breadth | 120 |
| 11.04 | Nature of competitive advantage | 115 |
| 11.06 | Control of international distribution | 92 |
| 11.08 | Extent of marketing | 90 |
| 11.02 | Local supplier quality | 86 |
| 11.03 | State of cluster development | 85 |
| 11.09 | Willingness to delegate authority | 82 |
| 11.07 | Production process sophistication | 79 |
| 11.01 | Local supplier quantity | 73 |
| | | |
| | 12th pillar: Innovation | |
| 12.05 | Government procurement of advanced technology products | 83 |
| 12.04 | University-industry research collaboration | 61 |
| 12.01 | Capacity for innovation | 54 |